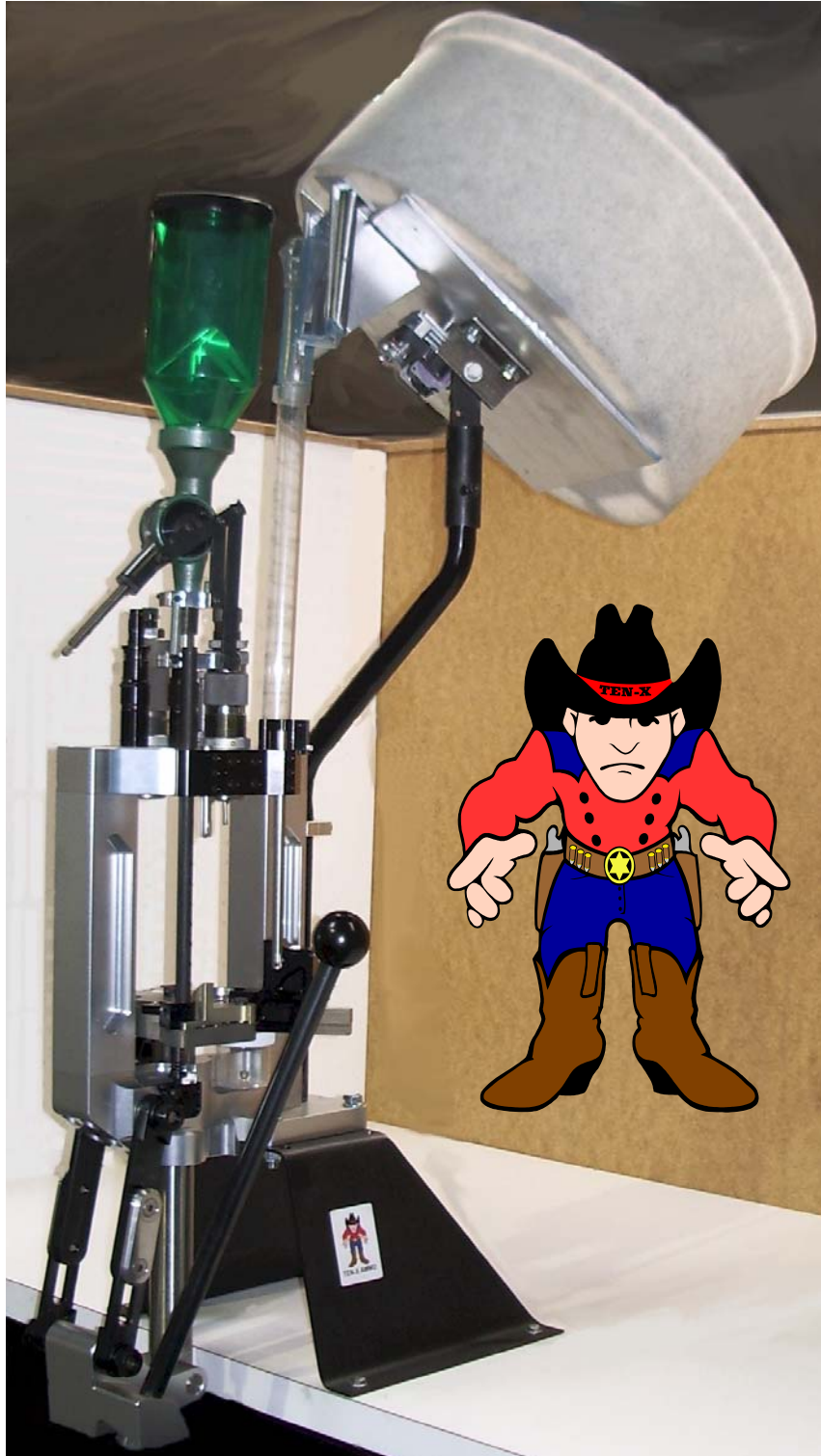


TX-50 Reloading Press

Instruction Manual



TEN-X AMMUNITION, INC.

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Safety First

Loading ammunition and handling powder and primers is inherently dangerous. Just as in shooting, accidents do happen. These accidents are nondiscriminatory; they happen to both the novice and the experienced reloader. We have done everything we know how to make your press as safe as possible. We cannot, however, guarantee your complete safety. To minimize your risk, use common sense when loading and follow these basic rules:

- **ALWAYS** operate the press with ear and eye protection on.
- **PAY ATTENTION:** Load only when you can give your complete attention to the loading process. Don't watch television or try to carry on a conversation and load at the same time. Watch the automatic systems operate and make sure they are functioning properly. If you are interrupted or must leave and come back to your loading, always inspect the rounds at every station to insure that the proper operations have been completed.
- **SMOKING:** Do not smoke while reloading or allow anyone else to smoke in your loading area. Do not allow open flames in loading area.
- **SAFETY DEVICES:** Do not remove any safety devices from or modify your press in any way.
- **MODIFICATIONS:** Any modifications performed to a press, or the addition of any unapproved equipment from other manufacturers will void the warranty.
- **LEAD WARNING:** Be sure to have proper ventilation while handling or shooting lead components (i.e., lead bullets and primers that contain lead styphnate). Lead is known to cause birth defects, other reproductive harm and cancer. Wash your hands thoroughly after handling anything made of lead.
- **LOADS AND LENGTHS:** Avoid maximum loads and pressures at all times. Use only recommended loads from manuals and information supplied by reliable component manufacturers and suppliers. Since Ten-X Ammunition, Inc. has no control over the components which may be used on the TX-50, no responsibility is implied or assumed for results obtained through the use of any such components. Refer to a reliable loading manual for overall length.
- **QUALITY CHECKS:** Every 20-25 rounds, perform periodic quality control checks on the ammunition being produced. Check the amount of powder being dropped and primer supply.
- **RELOADING AREA:** Keep your components safely stored. Clear your work area of loose powder, primers and other flammables before loading.
- **POWDER:** Never have more than one type of powder in your reloading area at a time. The risk of a mix-up is too great. Keep powder containers closed when not pouring from them or back into them.
- **CASINGS:** Inspect casings prior to loading for flaws, cracks, splits or defects. Discard these casings.
- **PRIMERS:** Never force primers. If they get stuck in the operation of the machine, disassemble it and gently remove the obstruction. Never attempt to deprime live primers – eventually one will go off. When it does it may detonate other live primers in the spent primer cup.
- **LOADED AMMUNITION:** Properly label all of your loaded ammunition (date loaded, bullet, primer, powder charge, etc.). Keep all components and ammunition out of reach of children.
- **LUBRICATION:** Periodically lube your TX-50 with light oil to ensure smooth, long-lasting operation. Just like an automobile engine requires oil, your reloading press does too.
- **BE PATIENT:** The TX-50 is of exceptional design and workmanship, and you should have no trouble achieving the level of quality loading you desire with a smooth, steady hand. If something doesn't seem right; stop, look and listen. If the problem or the solution isn't obvious, call us. The reloading bench is no place to get into a hurry.
- **REMEMBER:** If your machine does not perform to your expectations, or if you are having technical difficulties, give us a call at (909) 946-TenX (8369).

UNPACKING YOUR TX-50

After opening the boxes, check the contents against the list below. If any items are missing or damaged, call us right away so we can send out a replacement at no charge. You should have the following:

- 1. Reloading Press with handle (installed)**
- 2. Bench Stand (left and right stands)**
- 3. Accessory Bag**
 - a. Powder Die**
 - b. Case Activated Linkage for RCBS Powder Measure**
 - c. Powder Check Die**
 - d. Powder Check Die Adapter**
 - e. Powder Check Probe**
 - f. Station Pins (3)**
 - g. Spent Primer Cup**
 - h. Primer Shuttle Bridge**
 - i. Shell Exit Finger**
 - j. Shell Feed Plastic Tube**
 - k. Primer Tube (12" black steel tube)**
 - l. Bench Stand Hardware (4 each - 3/8" flange head bolts, washers, nylon-insert lock nuts)**
- 4. RCBS Powder System**
 - a. RCBS Powder Measure**
 - b. Powder Baffle**
 - c. Powder Drain Spout**
 - d. Powder Die Funnel - .50 cal**
 - e. RCBS Powder Measure Instruction Manual (please read completely)**
- 5. Shell Feeder System (packaged separately)**
 - a. Shell Feeder Bowl**
 - b. Shell Feeder Post**
 - c. Shell Feeder Post Clamps (2) and hardware**
 - d. Shell Feeder Shell Plate - .50 cal**

MOUNTING YOUR TX-50

A. Locate a sturdy bench at least 24” wide and 20” deep, with 44” of overhead clearance. We suggest a minimum of 1” plywood or equivalent, secured to the back wall. The workbench should be tall enough to place your eye level about 18” above the bench. Lay the press on its side and attach the Bench Stand to the base of the TX-50 with the 3/8” mounting hardware provided. Be sure to install the flange head bolts from the top with the washers and lock nuts on the underside. There is a left and a right stand with the sloped sides pointing to the rear, which ensures the TX-50 is mounted with the ram hanging out past the edge of the bench.

B. Tools Needed: You will need the following to mount your press to the bench.

1. Electric drill
2. 17/64” drill bit preferred, 1/4” – 9/32” okay
3. Four 1/4” through bolts with nuts and washers. Do not use lag bolts or wood screws!
4. Two 7/16” wrenches

C. Drill the mounting holes:

1. Lift the press up and position the leading edge of the Bench Stand at the forward edge of the bench. This will ensure that the ram and link do not come into contact with the bench.
2. It is very important to keep the stand bases pushed in towards each other before marking the hole locations. This ensures sufficient space for the press handle to have full range of motion.
3. Using the Bench Stand as a template, mark the four hole locations for the Bench Stand.
4. Remove the press from the bench and use a 17/64” bit to drill the holes.

D. Bolting the press to the bench:

1. Put a smaller washer on each of the four 1/4” through bolts and insert them from the top through the Bench Stand holes and the holes drilled into the bench. Use smaller washers for the top-side of base of the press to protect the finish from marking. (**Note:** 1/4” bolts should be at least 1-1/2” LONGER than the mounting surface thickness.) If mounting to wood, use large area or fender washers on the nut-side of the bolt.

2. Run lock nuts from the underside of the bench with the large washers. Use nylon-insert lock nuts to ensure that the nuts do not loosen while using the press.

3. Using two 7/16” wrenches, tighten all four bolts down.



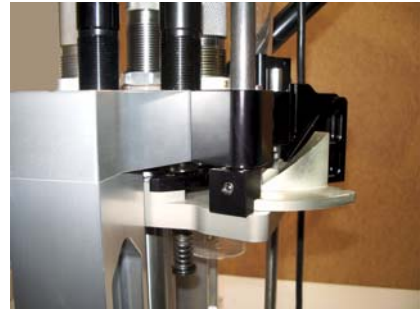
INITIAL SET UP

A. Operation of the handle:

Operate the handle slowly to ensure smooth press operation. Make sure the handle and the link completely clear the bench. Contact with the bench may hinder the range of movement. Observe the movement of the shell plate and verify there is no interference or contact of the shell feeder block with the platform.

B. Primer Tube Installation:

1. Raise the platform (i.e., lower the handle all the way).
 2. Insert the primer tube through the top of the Head Plate Bracket directly over the Primer Tube Platform Bracket. The primer tube must be fully inserted into the Primer Tube Platform Bracket before securing it with the set screw.
 3. Hand-tighten the set screw for the primer tube. Do not over-tighten, as this can deform the primer tube and cause the primers to hang up in the tube.
 4. Lower the platform (i.e., lower the handle to the neutral position) and be sure the Primer Tube is properly aligned and that the Primer Tube is secure.
 5. If loading primed brass or case prep is the intended use of the press, it is recommended that the primer tube not be installed (or removed if already installed), and suggested that the Primer Shuttle also be removed. This improves the ease of operation and reduces wear to unused parts. DO NOT remove the primer seating punch since it also serves as a stop for the press. Also, the primer seating depth adjustment should be backed off so there is no contact with the primed brass.
- Note:** BEFORE REMOVING the Primer Shuttle, READ the instructions in “*Disassembly of the Press -- Step 6) Removing the Primer Shuttle*”. The primer shuttle spring is under tension, so be ready to catch it.



C. Spent Primer Cup Installation:

1. Raise the platform (i.e., lower the handle all the way).
2. Install spent primer cup on underside of the platform under station 1.



D. Shell Feeder Installation:

1. Remove the Shell Feeder Bowl, other parts and hardware from the box.
2. Attach the Shell Feeder Post Clamps with the provided screws. Leave the screws about 1/8” loose to allow the Shell Feeder Post to easily slip through.
3. Insert the Shell Feeder Post through the Shell Feeder Post Clamps.
4. Apply a little light-weight oil to the outside top 2” of the Shell Feeder Post and then place the Shell Feeder Bowl onto it.
5. Align the Shell Feeder Bowl so the Shell Feeder Funnel is directly over the Shell Feeder Stop Bracket.
6. Place the squared off end of the clear plastic tube into the shell feeder stop bracket then connect the beveled end of the tube to the Shell Feeder Tube Holder. Keep the front edge of the clear tube aligned with the front edge of the funnel on the Shell Feeder Housing.
7. Hand-tighten the bolts in the post clamps. Do not over-tighten!
8. Plug the shell feeder power cord into a 110v AC outlet. Place approximately 10 empty shells into the shell feeder and turn it on. Notice that each time an empty shell exits the shell feeder, it passes a microswitch



before entering the tube. The motor will run until the clear shell feed tube fills and then it will automatically shut off. The microswitch uses the pressure of the shell against the aluminum arm on the switch to turn the motor off.

9. Remove all brass cases and the clear plastic tube before continuing with the installation of the powder system and reloading dies. The plastic tube can be reinstalled after the dies are set.

Note: The shell feeder bowl is not designed to be completely filled with brass. If it is fully loaded it will not function reliably. Approximately, 40 shells would be a maximum load.

E. Powder System Installation:

Until the powder measure has been fully adjusted for proper case activation, DO NOT put any powder into the flask. The powder charge is not being set at this time, so there is no need for powder to be handled yet. Every complete stroke of the press handle dispenses one charge of powder, if a shell is in station 2.

1. The Powder Die has the base of the case activated linkage already attached to it. This die MUST be installed before any other die is added. It should be carefully threaded into Station Two, which is a 1" diameter hole nearest to the Primer Tube, until the bottom of the die is about flush with the bottom of the head plate. The linkage spring should be positioned toward the handle side (or right side) for now. DO NOT TIGHTEN THE NYLON SET SCREW YET!!!

2. Remove the powder measure and other parts from the RCBS box. Fully read the RCBS instruction booklet on assembly and use of their powder measure.

NOTE: While the RCBS powder measure and case activated linkage has been assembled and is functional, RCBS packages their parts with a light coat of oil to prevent rust. Follow their instructions with regard to cleaning the oil off of the pertinent parts before filling with powder.

3. Again, be sure the Powder measure is empty before proceeding. The Powder Funnel must be carefully threaded onto the bottom of the RCBS Powder Measure and hand tightened. NEVER USE PLIERS!!!

4. With the powder measure handle pointing forward, the Powder Measure can now be inserted into the Powder Die. Remove the thumbscrew from the bottom bracket which is attached to the powder die. Insert the thumbscrew through the case activated linkage arm and tighten down by hand. Using your fingers, or pliers, carefully pull the linkage spring up until it goes over the peg on the bracket attached to the powder measure. This maintains the spring tension required to operate the case activated linkage.

5. The powder die must be adjusted to a height so that the RCBS Powder Measure can make full strokes when activated. There is a nylon set screw that is accessed through the side of the Head Plate Bracket. Very little effort is required to loosen and tighten this nylon set screw. An empty casing should be used in Station Two to set the correct height of the die. Place an empty shell into the shell plate at station 2 and pull the handle down (raising the platform) until the mouth of the shell comes into contact with the powder die funnel. Continue to pull the handle down until either the handle reaches the bottom of the stroke or the powder measure runs up to the top. Adjust the powder die up or down (by turning the whole powder measure and powder die together) until you reach the bottom of the stroke of the handle at the same time as the powder measure handle runs up to the top of the powder measure. Lightly tighten the nylon set screw to lock the position. Very little force is needed here.

Note: If the powder die is not adjusted down far enough to cause the powder measure to travel its full distance the powder charge will be erratic.



6. After the Powder Die height is correctly set, the Powder Check die can be installed. The Powder Check Adapter is attached to this die and is supposed to be free-spinning. Carefully thread the die into the Head Plate in the 1" hole next to the installed Powder Die. Do not insert this die too deeply and do not tighten the nylon set screw until final adjustments are made with a casing filled with the desired powder charge.

7. Insert the Powder Check Probe into the top of the Powder Check Adapter. Rotate the adapter until the window cutout is facing the front.

8. Measure out and fill a primed case with the desired powder charge, and place it in the shell plate in Station Three.

9. Move the handle down, which will raise the filled case on the platform into the Powder Check Die. With the handle in the down position, turn the die by hand until the probe begins the rise. Continue to turn the die until the scribed line on the probe is in the position in the window cutout that you desire.

10. When the desired position of the line is where you want it, lightly turn the nylon set screw on the left side of the Head Plate to lock the die. Never over-tighten the set screw as it can easily be stripped. Very little pressure is needed to lock the die in place.

F. Loading Dies Installation:

1. The loading die stations (one, four & five) are standard 1-1/2" die holes. Reducer bushings can be installed in these stations to make use of smaller dies.

2. Thin die lock rings should be used on the 1-1/2" dies to not interfere with other dies. These thin lock rings are standard on RCBS 50 BMG dies, and are available separately from RCBS.

3. The Size Die is installed in Station One, and standard installation should be followed.

4. Station Four is intended for bullet seating/crimping. An alternate use of Station Four is for the application of case mouth sealant. In this use, bullet seating and crimping would be done in Station Five.

5. Station Five is intended for separate crimping (if bullet seating is done in Station Four), combo bullet seat/crimping (if Station Four is used for case mouth sealing), loaded case inspection (if bullet seat/crimp is completed in Station Four), or left empty.

G. Station Pins, Shell Exit Finger, & Primer Shuttle Bridge:

1. Now it's time to install the three aluminum locator pins in the shell platform at stations 3, 4 and 5. These pins retain the cases during loading while providing an easy way to remove a case from the shell plate at any station without disturbing the other rounds.

2. The Shell Exit Finger should easily slip over the two steel pins on the Platform between Station Five and Station One. The exit finger is designed to be installed and removed in a straight up and down motion.

3. The Primer Shuttle Bridge slips on the two shorter pins located at Station Two. The curve will follow the shell plate. It will only fit on one way with the flat side up. The Primer Shuttle Bridge was designed to be easily removed when a casing needs to be removed from Station Two to set primer seating depth and adjust the powder measure system. Because of the safety tolerances designed into this part, a primer will be stopped from entering the shell plate if it is not sitting flat.



LOADING STATION REVIEW

Before loading with the TX-50, it is important to have a brief review of the intended functions of each station. The loading process begins with one complete stroke or cycle of the handle, which causes the first shell to be cycled through the shell feeder system and fed into the shell plate.

CRITICAL NOTE: While it is possible to size and decap brass on the TX-50 in sequence with priming and loading shells all in the same process, this method is *strongly discouraged*. The proper method for reloading fired rifle brass, particularly .50 BMG casings, is to process the spent brass first. After the used brass has been appropriately processed, the casings are ready for priming and reloading. The primary reason for this is to ensure the most consistent powder dropping can be achieved. The smoother the operation of the press, the more consistent the powder drop will be.

The TX-50 does not have a primer pocket swaging tool, so it is important to ensure that primer pocket depth, diameter, and mouth are ready to receive a primer. Used brass that may have had staked/cripped primers and/or lacquer sealant should have the primer pocket cleaned, uniformed, and the crimp removed. Follow reloading industry standard brass prepping procedures regarding primer pocket preparation and case mouth trimming.

Using the TX-50 for processing used brass or for loading primed brass, it is strongly recommended that the *optional* fixed-length link arms be used. The TX-50 comes with the collapsible link arms installed, since they are required for achieving the optimal primer seating depth. However, when seating a primer is not going to be one of the processes in the operation of the TX-50, the length of the stroke can be shortened and the loading time reduced by using the fixed length arms. Further discussion and recommendations for loading new primed brass will be addressed later.

Station One is intended primarily for case neck sizing and decapping spent primers. The TX-50 will easily neck size and decap/remove spent primers which will drop into a cup attached under the platform that can easily be emptied when filled. This station can also be used to expand the case neck in preparation for seating the bullet during the loading process. The neck expanding step also ensures that the case mouth is uniformly rounded for more accurate bullet seating and more consistent neck tension. Pull the handle down, the sizing die reforms and also decaps the first case. Returning the handle to its neutral position using a smooth, fluid motion will automatically advance the shells in the press.

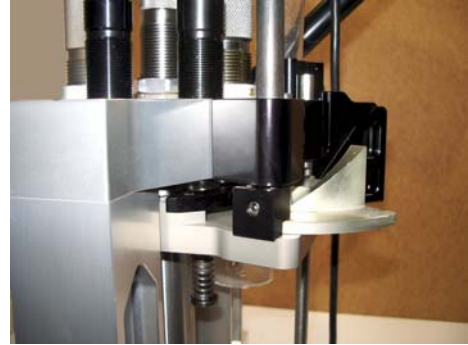
NOTE: While the TX-50 is capable of full length sizing as may be required for automatic and semi-auto rifles, it is strongly recommended that volume full-length sizing be conducted on hydraulic presses or presses intended for the singular purpose of resizing. It is strongly recommended that case prep and reloading NOT be done simultaneously on the TX-50. The primary reason for this is to ensure the most consistent powder drop can be achieved.

Station Two has two functions; new primer seating and powder dispensing. With a prepped case in Station Two, pushing the handle to its full back position will seat a new primer into the case and, at the same time, another case will be fed into the shell plate. The collapsible link arms automatically collapse when the handle is pushed back, which generates the additional leverage that is required to seat a primer. The link arms then automatically extend to full length when the handle is returned to its neutral position.



NOTE: If the optional fixed length link arms are being used (because spent brass is being prepped or primed brass is being loaded), moving the handle to the limited back position will only feed another case into the shell plate.

The primer feeding system is quite simple and safe in design. The primer tube was designed to hold forty .50 BMG primers. Do not attempt to load more than 40 primers into the tube. The primers can be inserted one at a time with the anvil side up (shiny side down) into the open top of the primer tube. An optional RCBS .50 cal pickup tube is available and can also be used to load 20 primers at a time. The Primer Shuttle will pick up only one primer at a time automatically that will be fed into position under the shell plate in Station Two. When the platform is raised up, the Primer Shuttle Rod indexes and passes through the Primer Shuttle to positively position the shuttle under the Primer Tube so that a primer will drop into the shuttle. When the platform is lowered, the spring-loaded Primer Shuttle will return to a position that places the new primer under the Shell Plate and directly over the primer seating punch. Never force the handle when a jam occurs. Slowly return the handle to its rest position. If there is no shell in Station Two to receive the primer, the primer will remain in the primer shuttle and be safely returned to the primer tube position and back again until an unprimed shell is ready to receive it.



NOTE: Unless the Primer Shuttle is positioned exactly with the primer over the primer seating punch, there is no pressure that can be applied to the primer itself, which effectively eliminates the possibility of seating a primer off-center, sideways, or setting one off. The process will not be able to continue until the primer shuttle is correctly positioned.

Warning: Wear safety glasses whenever working with live primers.

The primer seating depth is fully adjustable and is positioned below the platform under Station Two, on the right side of the press base block. Start with the primer seating depth set screw set at approximately 1/4" above the primer seating block. To adjust, first loosen the tension screw on the side on the Primer Seating Block. Then, adjust the height of the set screw on the top of the block as needed. The higher the set screw, the deeper the primer will be seated. Each 1/4 turn generally equates to approximately .001" in primer seating depth. When the desired seating depth is achieved, retighten the tension screw by hand until the set screw is securely held in place.



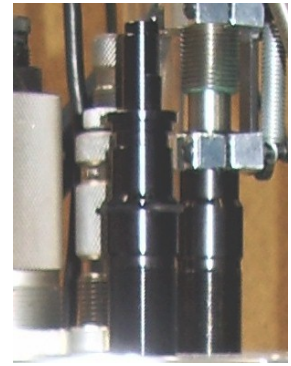
The second function of Station Two is performed when the handle is pulled down to raise the platform and a case is positioned in Station Two. The case activated RCBS Powder Measure will dispense the charge that has been set. The powder drop will need to be adjusted to the desired powder weight. It is important to use a quality powder scale to do this.

NOTE: Refer to the RCBS Powder Measure instruction manual for specifics regarding its use.

Cycle the handle completely and the Shell Plate (all the shells in it) will advance to their next stations.

Station Three is for the powder check system. This system is designed to enable visual detection of deviations in the powder charge, i.e. a double charge of powder or no powder at all.

To adjust the Powder Check Probe, first loosen the nylon set screw that is used to lock the Powder Check Die in place. Clockwise rotation of the die raises the Powder Check Probe's indicator line for a given powder charge. Counterclockwise rotation lowers the Powder Check Probe's indicator line for a given powder charge.



Station Four is intended for bullet seating/crimping. This is where the bullet is pushed into the case. An alternate use of Station Four is for the application of case mouth sealant. In this use, bullet seating and crimping would be done in Station Five.

Station Five is intended for separate crimping (if bullet seating is done in Station Four), combo bullet seat/crimping (if Station Four is used for case mouth sealing), loaded case inspection (if bullet seat/crimp is completed in Station Four), or left empty.

After Station Five, a completed round is ejected from the press with every complete stroke of the handle. When operating the handle, pay close attention to the cases, noting the changes that take place as they go through the press. Pace yourself when operating the machine. Do not crash the handle down against its stop and do not snatch the handle upward. It should take two or more seconds to move the handle from its neutral position, down and then back up to its neutral position.

General Press Information

The TX-50 has some great automated features. Our electric Shell Feeder is larger than others you may have seen, which only makes sense when you consider the TX-50 was designed to reload one of the largest casings for a shoulder rifle. This unit holds approximately 80 empty casings, and feeds them at approximately 8-10 per minute. Turn the electric Shell Feeder on and the 50 BMG plate will rotate until the Shell Feed Tube has filled, then a microswitch will shut the unit off. Every down stroke of the handle will feed another casing from the Shell Feed Tube into the Shell Feeder Block. On the subsequent up and back stroke, the Shell Feeder Block will move one empty casing into the Shell Plate positioned into the first station of the press. Pulling down on the handle will enable the use of the appropriate die in station one to resize the casing (neck only or full length), expand the neck of the casing (if an expander ball is used), and remove the old primer.

NOTE: It is strongly recommended that before loading cartridges from casings that require processing (i.e., fired brass), all such casings should be fully processed since the press does not ream or swage the primer pocket. Additionally, the extra force applied to the press to size fired casings, and the subsequent shaking of the press could lead to powder splashing out of the casings and the dropping of inconsistent powder charges. The smoother the press is operated, the more consistent and accurate the loaded cartridges will be. The TX-50 can be set up to size casings, remove spent primers, and even trim case mouths, but these processes should be completed prior to loading the cartridges.

Moving the handle to its full back position will advance a casing in the Shell Plate to station two, where a new primer is seated into the primer pocket of the casing when the handle is pushed back. The seating depth of the primer is fully adjustable by means of the Set Screw in the Primer Seating Block. If a casing is not present in Station two, then the unused primer will simply shuttle back to the Primer Tube and shuttle over again on the next operation. No primers are lost in this system.

The Primer Tube holds fifty .50 BMG primers. Every complete stroke of the handle will feed another primer into the Primer Shuttle. The RCBS powder system is also located at station two. The hopper holds two pounds of powder and has a fully adjustable powder measure that can drop up to 250 grains. The RCBS powder system is case activated. When pulling the handle down with a casing in station two, the Powder Die Funnel will contact the case mouth, causing the powder measure to be pushed up and dispense one charge of powder into the casing. Bringing the handle to the neutral position lowers the powder measure and causes it to automatically be recharged, and the casing will advance to station three. At the third station, left of the front Column, the accuracy of the powder charge is determined by the Powder Check Probe on the down stroke. The Powder Check Die is fully adjustable to a setting that assists the loader to ensure that an appropriate and accurate charge was dropped. Light duty nylon set screws lock the Powder Die and Powder Check Die in place once the correct setting has been determined. The slot in the free-spinning top of the Powder Check Die enables multiple custom powder settings. Moving the handle again back into the neutral position advances the casing to station four where the bullet can be seated. Pulling the handle down with a seat/crimp die in station four would seat the bullet to the loader's desired depth. Crimping can also be done in this station, or delayed until station five to separate it from seating. Bringing the handle back up again to the neutral position advances the now loaded round into station five for a final crimp or for checking the overall length. Some loaders prefer to use a separate collet crimp die in station five for ammunition that is intended to be used in semi-auto or full-auto rifles. Again, one final move of the handle back up to its neutral position will advance the completed cartridge out of press.

Disassembly of the Press

Step 1) Remove the cases from the machine:

1. Turn off the Shell Feeder.
2. Remove the remaining cases from the Shell Feed Tube.

Step 2) Remove the powder from the powder measure:

1. Follow directions in the RCBS manual to do this.
2. Remove the powder measure and empty the powder back into its container.
3. Manually cycle the powder measure to ensure it is empty.

Step 4) Removing the shell plate:

1. Remove the shell exit finger, primer shuttle bridge, and the three station pins.

2. Using a 1/8" Allen wrench, loosen the shell plate set screw. The shell plate set screw is located on the left side of the ram just below the platform. Do not remove the screw. Simply loosen it about a half turn.

3. Using a 1/4" Allen wrench, remove the shell plate shoulder bolt and remove the shell plate.

4. Remove the advancing ball and its spring, and advancing pawl and its spring from the platform. A magnet will be very helpful in this process. Keep them in a bag or parts bin so you do not lose them.



Step 5) Removing the primers:

Remove the primers only if you need to clean.

1. Using a 1/8" Allen wrench, loosen the primer tube set screw located on the front of the primer tube block.

2. Use a small cup or bag to catch the primers as out of the bottom of the primer tube.

Carefully lift the primer tube up and out of the block, while carefully holding the cup underneath.

3. Put the primers back into their original box.

4. If any primers remain in the primer area on the machine carefully remove them.

Step 6) Removing the primer shuttle:

NOTE: The Primer Shuttle Spring (under the Shuttle) is under tension, so be ready to catch it!

Replacing the Primer Shuttle can be a little tricky since the primer shuttle spring's ends must feed into the small holes.

1. Remove the primer tube as described in Step 5.

2. Remove the two primer tube block screws with an Allen wrench and remove block.

3. Remove the primer shuttle shoulder bolt with an Allen wrench and be sure to catch the spring that is under the Primer Shuttle.

Step 7) Removing the primer seating punch:

The primer seating punch is attached to the underside of the platform on the right side.

1. Raise the platform.

2. Using a 9/16" wrench, loosen and remove the primer seating punch.

3. Be careful when lowering the platform without the primer seating punch, since it acts as a stop to protect the advancing ring.



Step 8) Removing the Platform:

1. Remove the shell plate as described in Step 4 above.
2. From the underside of the platform, on the left, slide the advancing ring spring off of the advancing ring. This spring is attached by the other end to the platform with a small screw, so it will not get lost. Just move it out of the way for now.
3. Using a 1/8" Allen wrench, loosen the three set screws on the right side of the Head Plate Bracket that hold and stabilize the Shell Feeder Rod. Slide the rod up to move it out of the way and lightly tight the center set screw to hold it in place for now.
4. Using an Allen wrench, loosen and remove the three screws that hold the platform onto the ram. Be careful not to let the ram fall under its own weight. When the three screws are removed, the platform can be removed to the right side of the press.

Step 9) Removing the Ram:

1. Remove the Platform as described in Step 8.
2. Using a 1/8" Allen wrench, loosen the set screw on the bottom of the Ram. This holds the Link Stud in place. Loosen it only enough to allow for the Link Stud to slide out. The set screw can also be removed and placed in a secure place so as not to lose it.
3. Slide the Link Stud out to separate the Link from the Ram.
4. Loosen the two guide screws located on the left side of the base. Hold the ram with a strong grip before removing these guide screws. The ram is heavy and will fall out quickly.



Step 10) Removing the Link Arms:

1. Use correct sockets or end wrenches for this operation. Never use pliers.
2. The easiest way to remove the link arms is one side at a time, starting with the right side. If the purpose of removing the arms is to switch from the collapsible arms to the fixed arms, or vice versa, then loosen and remove the two nuts on the same side that hold the Link arms to the Base and to the Link by the Link Pins.
3. Switch out the link arm on the one side, carefully thread the nuts back onto the press, and tighten down the nuts. Repeat this process on the left side.
4. If the Link Arms and Link Pins are to be removed for maintenance, take the Link Arm off of the right side as described above. With the nuts on the left still attached, slide the remaining Link Arm and Link Pin assembly out to the left. Be careful to hold the link as it will want to drop down under its own weight.
5. Reverse the process to reassemble.

Step 10) Adjusting the Shell Feeder Rod:

1. Using a 1/8" Allen wrench, loosen the top and bottom screws of the three set screws on the right side of the Head Plate Bracket that hold and stabilize the Shell Feeder Rod.
2. Place an empty shell into the shell plate at Station One. You will need to slide the Shell Feeder Block back to do this. The spring will return the block to the shell and maintain pressure.
3. With the handle in the neutral position, use the same Allen wrench and loosen the middle set screw. Now slide the Shell Feeder Rod down until it is touching the Shell Feeder Block. Leave the Allen wrench in the set screw.
4. Push the handle back into the full priming position, and tighten the middle set screw on the Shell Feeder Rod. Be sure that the roller bearing on the rod is lined up correctly with the ramp on the Shell Feeder Block.
5. From this point, the timing of the shell's entry into the shell plate can be adjusted by moving the rod up or down, as needed. When the setting is correct, and the shell is fully inserted into the shell plate, finalize the position by tightening the top and bottom set screws.

Maintenance

The primer system on the TX-50 is a fully mechanical system. Every complete stroke of the handle will feed a primer into the press. Two very important but simple points:

1. Always keep the press and its primer system clean and free of dirt. Do not place any oils or grease on the primer shuttle.
2. Never allow excess powder or dirt to build up on the platform where the primer shuttle swings in and out of the machine.

Operating circumstances will dictate the frequency of required lubrication for other parts and connections. It is highly recommended that the TX-50 be cleaned and lubed after every 3,000 rounds of operation. Use 30-weight motor oil on the ram, and wheel bearing grease on pivot pins and all other moving parts.

Note: Never use penetrating lubricants, aerosol sprays, or solvent type lubes, such as WD-40 or Break Free.

Use 30w motor oil to lube the ram.

- A. Ram: This is the most important part to maintain lubrication on.

Use grease on the following items:

- B. Link Stud (connecting the Ram to the Link)
- C. Link Pins (connecting the Link Arms to the Base and the Link)
- D. Shellplate Shoulder Screw Hole
- E. Shell Insert Block
- F. Advancing Ring
- G. Shell Advancing Block

This Parts List contains a listing of all parts that make up the TX-50 as well as other parts that are optional. When ordering replacement parts, please use the Part # listed here as the reference.

Part #	Description	Part #	Description
10001	Mounting Plate	30018	1/4-20 X 5/8" SHCS
10002	Base Block	30019	1/4-20 X 1.25" BHCS
10003	Column - Front	30020	5/16-24 X 1.0" Set Screw
10004	Column - Rear	30021	Primer Seating Punch Spring
10005	Head Plate	30022	Primer Seating Punch Spring E-clip
10006	Head Plate Bracket	30023	Transfer Arm Spring (Primer Shuttle)
10007	Bench Stand (pair)	31000	Primer Seater Assembly
10008	3/8-16 X 2.0" SHCS	31007	Primer Seating Punch - .50 Cup (optional)
10009	3/8-16 X 2.0" SHCS	40001	Link
10010	3/8-16 X 3.5" SHCS	40002	Link Arm (1-piece)
10011	1/4-20 X .500" SHCS	40003	Link Stud
20001	Shell Feeder Stop Bracket	40004	Link Pin
20002	Shell Feeder Post	40005	Link Bushing
20003	Shell Feeder Post Clamp	40006	Ram
20004	Shell Feeder Bowl Bracket	40007	1/4-28 X 3/8" Set Screw
20005	Shell Feeder Plate - 50 BMG	40008	1/2-13 Flange Hex Nut
20006	Shell Feeder Block	40009	Handle - 50 BMG 18"
20007	Shell Feeder Rod	40010	Handle Ball 1-7/8"
20008	1/4-20 X 7/8" SHCS	40011	5/8-18 Hex Nut
20009	1/4-20 X .250" Set Screw	40012	5/8 Split Washer
20010	1/4-20 X ??? SHCS	40014	3/8"-16 X 1-3/4" Hex Flange Cap Screw
20011	Shell Feeder Linkage Spring	40015	3/8"-16 Hex Locknut
20012	1/16" X 1/2" Spring Pin	40016	3/8" Flat Washer
20013	1/8" X 3/8" Spring Pin	40102	Link Arm (2-piece)
20014	3/8 X 1/8 Dbl Sealed Bearing	41000	Link Arm Cover Plate
20015	Shell Feeder Block Spring	50001	Platform
20016	8-32 X 5/8" SHCS	50002	Shell Plate - .50 cal
20017	Gearmotor AC 4 rpm	50003	Station Pin
20018	Shell Feed Plastic Tube - 1" O.D., 7/8" I.D.	50004	Shell Exit Finger
20019	Shell Feeder Bowl - Plastic	50005	3/16 X .750" Dowel Pin
20020	Shell Feeder Funnel	50005	Advancing Block
20021	Shell Feeder Phish	50006	.500 X 1.5" (3/8-16) Shoulder Screw
20021	Shell Feeder Shell Plate - 50 BMG	50007	3/8" Index Ball
30001	Primer Seating Block	50008	Index Ball Spring
30002	Primer Shuttle Bridge	50009	1/4-28 X 7/8" SHCS
30003	Primer Shuttle	50010	1/8" X 3/8" Spring Pin
30004	Primer Shuttle Rod	50011	10-24 X .500" SHCS
30005	Primer Tube Platform Bracket	50012	3/8 X 1/8 Dbl Sealed Bearing
30006	Primer Tube	50013	5-40 X .500" BHCS
30007	Primer Seating Punch	50014	Advancing Pawl Spring
30008	Primer Seating Punch Housing	50015	8-32 X 5/8" BHCS
30009	3/16 X .500" Dowel Pin	50016	Advancing Ring Spring
30010	8-32 X .250" BHCS	50017	Advancing Pawl
30011	2oz Polystyrene Jar - 2" X 2"	50018	Advancing Ring
30012	8-32 X 1.0" SHCS	60001	Powder Die
30013	1/4-28 X 3/8" Set Screw	60002	Powder Die Funnel - .50 cal
30014	1/8" X 3/8" Spring Pin	60003	Powder Check Die
30015	3/8 X 1/8 Dbl Sealed Bearing	60004	Powder Check Die Adapter
30016	5/16 X 5/8" Shoulder Screw	60005	Powder Check Probe
30017	Primer Shuttle Torsion Spring	60006	1/4-20 X .500" Nylon Set Screw

Part #	Description
60007	QCHC Powder Measure – boxed
60008	QCHC Powder Baffle - bagged
60009	CAPM Back Bracket (2)
60010	10-32 x 1" BHCS (2)
60011	CAPM Bottom Front Bracket
60012	CAPM Top Front Bracket
60013	1/8" x 3/8" Roll Pin
60014	CAPM Top Spring Anchor
60015	Linkage Spring
60016	CAPM Bottom Spring Anchor
60017	Cylinder Link
60018	10-32 x 1-1/2" BHCS (2)
60019	Drive Pin
60020	10-32 Hex Nut
60021	CAPM Long Link
60022	CAPM Pivot Link
60023	CAPM Drive Link
60024	10-32 x 3/8" BHCS (5)
60025	10-32 x 1/2" Thumb Screw
60026	Linkage Nut (2)
60107	3/4" O-Ring

Warranty Information

The warranty on the TX-50 is for life from defects in material or workmanship, and a 100% warranty against normal wear for one-year. All electrical/electronic components in the TX-50 are covered by a one year warranty. The warranty is voided if the TX-50 is used for any purpose other than the normal processes of loading of ammunition. This specifically prohibits the reforming of brass casings into use for other calibers and cartridges.

Contact Information

Should you have any questions about the TX-50 operations and use, or require replacement parts, please contact us at:

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